



TRACK-E

HEALTH SYSTEMS, ECONOMICS AND IMPLEMENTATION SCIENCE

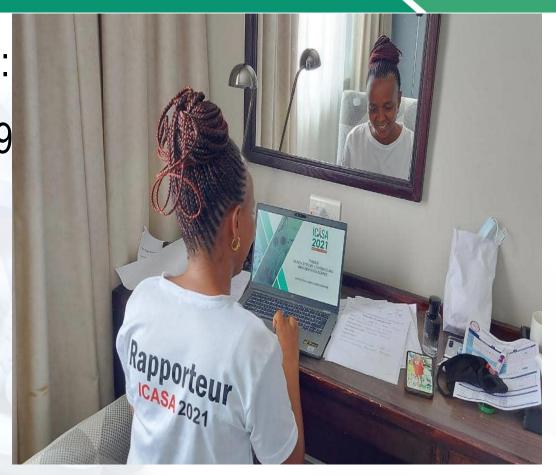
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## PRESENTATION OUTLINE



#### TRACK E RELATED EMERGING THEMES:

- ☐ Innovations made during COVID 19
- ☐ Healthcare service integration
- ☐ Differentiated HIV service delivery
- ☐ HIV Response monitoring
- ☐ Health economics and financing



#### **INNOVATIONS MADE DURING COVID 19**



- ✓ Use of QuickRes online booking application in Namibia
- ✓ Use of web based Ushauri platform for appointment management in Kenya
- ✓ Home delivery of ART through courier services and motorcycles in Uganda
- ✓ Virtual consultation with clients and HCWs
- ✓ Expansion of MMD of ART to children in Tanzania, Nigeria and Zambia
- ✓ Use of workplace HIVST vending machines in Kenya

#### SERVICE INTEGRATION



- ✓ Intergration of COVID 19 testing and vaccination into HIV services
- ✓ Use of FP/ART integrated resupply model increased uptake of FP and optimal ARV in Zimbabwe
- ✓ Integration of IPV routine enquiry in EAC for all virally unsuppressed women and offering IPV tailored enhanced adherence support was found useful in improving viral load suppression in Nigeria
- ✓ There is a need to strengthen the delivery of integrated SRH and HIV services to
  enhance the one stop centres for SRH/HIV services targeting AGYW (eg Pink Day
  initiative in Zambia)

### HIV RESPONSE MONITORING



- ✓ Need to strengthern M&E systems and patient level data
- ✓ Introducing 909090 district graduation process helped to see districts lagging behind and hence infomed effort concentration in South Africa
- ✓ Comparing data from different datasets help to identify process and system gaps and address them through quality improvement
- ✓ Stakeholders engangement is key to efficient utilization of data to guide evidence based planning and implementation of HIV services

# DIFFERENTIATED SERVICE DELIVERY(I)



- ✓ Youth intern programs improves HIV service delivery in South Africa
- ✓ CFBDSD implementation is cost effective and outcomes accross DSD models are measurable and effective
- ✓ There is a need to advance person centred care of HIV treatment within the context of global and bilateral HIV programs to attain the 95 95 95 goals
- ✓ Implementation of standardized EAC package improved EAC uptake, completion and viral suppression among children and adolescents in Kenya

# **DIFFERENTIATED SERVICE DELIVERY(II)**



- ✓ Call to strengthen differentiated social protection service delivery approaches to include economic strengthening, mentorship programmes, skills developments and interpreneurship
- ✓ Train and sensitize HCWs on gender and human rights inorder to eliminate stigma and discrimination perpetuated by HCWs towards AYP
- ✓ Strengthen community engagement with key stakeholders such as traditional and religious leaders, parents and community leaders

## HEALTH ECONOMICS AND FINANCING



- ✓ Decision makers should address social economic inequalities through reducing user fees and increasing the number of treatment centres especially in rural areas
- ✓ Governments are called to increase and equitably allocate resources
- ✓ Advocate for CLM as communities through advocacy can shift the framing of policy issues and debates related to health financing
- ✓ Governments needs to address regulatory and competition barriers and increase affordability to life saving medicines, diagnostics and technologies



### Ngiyabonga Kakhulu! Asante Sana!

The race to 2030; Be the reason diversity and inclusion happens